

	Date of issu	ue: 04/24/2020	Revision date: 2/13/2024	Version: 1.5
<b>SECTION 1: Identif</b>	ication of the subs	stance/mixture a	and of the company/undertaki	ing
1.1. Product identi				
Product form		: Mixture		
Name		: PerformaSil® 10	00 Silicone Water-Based Elastomer	
Product code		: PS		
1.2. Relevant ident	tified uses of the subst	tance or mixture and	d uses advised against	
1.2.1. Relevant ident	tified uses			
Main use category		: Professional use	e,Industrial use	
Industrial/Professional u	ise spec	: Industrial		
		For professional	use only	
Use of the substance/m	ixture	: Coating		
1.2.2. Uses advised	against			
No additional information	available			
1.3. Details of the	supplier of the safety o	data sheet		
ICD High Performance C				
7350 S. Union Ridge Park Ridgefield, WA 98642	kway			
United States of America				
Tol: 1 (200) 540 2290				
Tel: +1 (360) 546 2286 Fax: +1 (360) 546 2287				
( )	lephone number			
Country	Organisation/Com	pany	Address	Emergency number
UNITED STATES OF	ICD High Performar		7350 S. Union Ridge Parkway	: +1 (360) 546 2286
AMERICA	Coatings + Chemist	ries	Ridgefield, WA 98642	
<b>SECTION 2: Hazard</b>	ds identification			
2.1. Classification	of the substance or m	ixture		
GHS Classification acco	ording to OSHA Hazard	d Communication St	tandard (29 CFR 1910.1200)	
H316 Skin irritation	: Category 3			
H319 Eye Irritation	: Category 2A			
•	• •			
H361 Reproductive Tox	, ,	see Section 16		
H361 Reproductive Tox Full text of H-phrases me	ntioned in this Section: s			
•				
Full text of H-phrases me 2.2. Label element	S		9 CER 1910 1200)	
Full text of H-phrases me 2.2. Label element Labeling according to C	S		9 CFR 1910.1200)	
Full text of H-phrases me 2.2. Label element	S		9 CFR 1910.1200)	
Full text of H-phrases me 2.2. Label element Labeling according to C	S		9 CFR 1910.1200)	
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Full text of H-phrases me 2.2. Label element Labeling according to C	S		9 CFR 1910.1200)	
Full text of H-phrases me 2.2. Label element Labeling according to C Hazard pictograms	S	nication Standard (29		
Full text of H-phrases me 2.2. Label element Labeling according to C Hazard pictograms	S	iication Standard (29	n irritation	
Full text of H-phrases me 2.2. Label element Labeling according to C Hazard pictograms	S	ication Standard (29 : : : Warning : Causes mild skin Causes serious	n irritation	
Full text of H-phrases me 2.2. Label element Labeling according to C Hazard pictograms	s OSHA Hazard Commun	ication Standard (29 : : : Warning : Causes mild skin Causes serious	n irritation eye irritation	
Full text of H-phrases me 2.2. Label element Labeling according to C Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements	s OSHA Hazard Commun	ication Standard (29 : : Warning : Causes mild skin Causes serious Suspected of da : Prevention: Wash skin and f	n irritation eye irritation amaging fertility or the unborn child face thoroughly after handling.	
Full text of H-phrases me 2.2. Label element Labeling according to C Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements	s OSHA Hazard Commun	ication Standard (29 : : Warning : Causes mild skin Causes serious Suspected of da : Prevention: Wash skin and f Wear protective	n irritation eye irritation amaging fertility or the unborn child face thoroughly after handling. gloves and eye protection.	
Full text of H-phrases me 2.2. Label element Labeling according to C Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements	s OSHA Hazard Commun	<ul> <li>ication Standard (29</li> <li>Warning</li> <li>Causes mild skin</li> <li>Causes serious</li> <li>Suspected of data</li> <li>Prevention:</li> <li>Wash skin and f</li> <li>Wear protective</li> <li>Obtain special in</li> </ul>	n irritation eye irritation amaging fertility or the unborn child face thoroughly after handling. gloves and eye protection. instructions before use.	
Full text of H-phrases me 2.2. Label element Labeling according to C Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements	s OSHA Hazard Commun	<ul> <li>ication Standard (29)</li> <li>Warning</li> <li>Causes mild skii Causes serious Suspected of da</li> <li>Prevention:</li> <li>Wash skin and f Wear protective Obtain special in Do not handle u</li> </ul>	n irritation eye irritation amaging fertility or the unborn child face thoroughly after handling. gloves and eye protection. hstructions before use. ntil all safety precautions have been rea	ad and understood.
Full text of H-phrases me 2.2. Label element Labeling according to C Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements	s OSHA Hazard Commun	<ul> <li>iication Standard (29</li> <li>Warning</li> <li>Causes mild skii Causes serious Suspected of da</li> <li>Prevention: Wash skin and f Wear protective Obtain special ir Do not handle un Use personal protective</li> </ul>	n irritation eye irritation amaging fertility or the unborn child face thoroughly after handling. gloves and eye protection. instructions before use.	ad and understood.
Full text of H-phrases me 2.2. Label element Labeling according to C Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements	s DSHA Hazard Commun	<ul> <li>iication Standard (29)</li> <li>: Warning</li> <li>: Causes mild skii Causes serious Suspected of da</li> <li>: Prevention: Wash skin and f Wear protective Obtain special in Do not handle un Use personal pro Response:</li> </ul>	n irritation eye irritation amaging fertility or the unborn child face thoroughly after handling. gloves and eye protection. hstructions before use. ntil all safety precautions have been rea	



If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

If exposed or concerned: get medical advice.

Store locked up.

### Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

0.1 - 1 %

# 2.3. Other hazards

## No additional information available

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

SECTION 3: Com	position/information	on ingredients

3.1.	Substance		
Not app	licable		
3.2.	Mixture		
Hazaro	dous ingredients:		
Name		CAS No.	Concentration (Wt %)
Water		7732-18-5	40 - 50%
Dimeth	nylsiloxy silsesquioxane	Trade secret	30 - 40%
Silicon	dioxide	7631-86-9	5 - 10%
Diethy	lamine	109-89-7	0.25 - 1%
2-Amir	no-2-methyl-1-propanol	124-68-5	0.25 - 1%

556-67-2

	id measures	
4.1. Description of	f first aid measures	
First-aid measures gen	eral	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
First-aid measures after	r inhalation	: Allow victim to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest. Get medical attention
First-aid measures after	r skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after	r eye contact	: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after	r ingestion	: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.
4.2. Most importa	nt symptoms and effects,	both acute and delayed
Symptoms/injuries		: No data available
4.3. Indication of a	any immediate medical at	tention and special treatment needed
Freat symptomatically.		
SECTION 5: Firefig	hting measures	
5.1. Extinguishing	, media	
Suitable extinguishing r	nedia	: Water spray. Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical.
Unsuitable extinguishin	g media	: None known.
5.2. Special hazar	ds arising from the subst	ance or mixture
Specific hazards during	, firefighting	: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Hazardous combustion	products	: Carbon oxides. Silicon oxides. Formaldehyde.
5.3. Advice for fire	efighters	
		: Use extinguishing methods that are appropriate to local circumstances and the



Protection during firefighting

: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the clean-up of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirments.

<b>SECTION 7: Handling and stora</b>	age
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	]
Local/Total ventilation	: Use only with adequate ventilation.
Precautions for safe handling	: Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
Hygiene measures	: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash Skin thoroughly after handling.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, i	ncluding any incompatibilities
Storage conditions	: Keep in properly labeled containers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidizing agents, strong acids
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
No additional information available	

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters:

Ingredients	CAS-No.	Type (Form of exposure)	Value	Basis
Silicon dioxide	7631-86-9	TWA (Dust)	20 Million particles per cubic foot (Silica) 80 mg/m³ / %SiO₂ (Silica)	OSHA
		TWA	6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Silica)	NIOSH
Diethylamine	109-89-7	TWA STEL	5 ppm 15 ppm	ACGIH ACGIH
		TWA	25 ppm 75 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	10 ppm 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NIOSH REL
		ST	25 ppm 75 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NIOSH REL
		C	5 ppm 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	TWA	10 ppm	US WEEL



## 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Processing may form hazardous compounds (see section 10). Ensure adequate
	ventilation, especially in confined areas. Minimize workspace exposure concentrations.
Personal protective equipment	: Protective clothing. Protective goggles or safety glasses. Gloves.
Hand protection	: Permeation-resistant gloves, Butyl rubber gloves, Nitrile rubber gloves, Neoprene gloves.
Eye protection	: Chemical safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields., Chemical safety goggles in combination with a full face shield if a splash hazard exists.
Skin and body protection	: Permeation-resistant clothing, Gloves, long-sleeved shirts, and pants.
Respiratory protection	: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process.
	For most conditions, no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if material is heated or sprayed, use an approved air-purifying respirator. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: NIOSH approved respirator with organic vapor cartridge and a particulate pre-filter.
Other information	: Employees should wash their hands and face before eating, drinking, or using tobacco products. Educate and train employees in the safe use and handling of this product. Emergency showers and eye wash stations should be available. Store separate from food products.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemica	
9.1. Information on basic physical and	
Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Liquid
Colour	: White
Odour	: Amine, mild
Odour threshold	: No data available
рН	: 11 - 12
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: 0 °C
Boiling point	: 100 °C
Flash point	: > 101.1 °C Method: closed cup
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Non-flammable
Vapour pressure	: No data available
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 1.02 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility	: No data available
Log Pow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 250 cSt
Explosive properties	: Not explosive
Oxidising properties	: This mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Explosive limits	: No data available



## 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

## 10.1. Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Use at elevated temperatures may form highly hazardous compounds. Can react with strong oxidizing agents. Hazardous decomposition products will be formed at elevated temperatures.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None known.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents, strong acids

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides. Silicon oxides. Formaldehyde.

<b>SECTION 11: Toxicological infor</b>	mation
11.1. Information on toxicological ef	fects
Likely routes of exposure	: Inhalation. Skin contact. Ingestion. Eye contact.
Acute toxicity	: Not classified based on available data.
	Acute oral toxicity estimate: >5000 mg/kg
	Method: calculation method
	Acute dermal toxicity estimate: >5000 mg/kg
	Method: calculation method
	Acute inhalation toxicity estimate: >5000 mg/kg
	Method: calculation method
Ingredient	Remarks
Dimethylsiloxy silsesquioxane	No data available
Silicon dioxide	No data available
Diethylamine	LD50 Oral - Rat - male - 100 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 401)
	Acute toxicity estimate Oral - 100 mg/kg (Calculation method)
	LC50 Inhalation - Rat - female - 4 h - 17,11 mg/l – vapor (OECD Test Guideline 403)
	Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 17,11 mg/l – vapor (Calculation method) LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - male - 582 mg/kg Remarks: (IUCLID) (ECHA)
	Acute toxicity estimate Dermal - 582 mg/kg (Calculation method)
2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol	LD50 Oral - Rat - male - 2.900 mg/kg (2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol) (OECD Test
	Guideline 401)
	Inhalation: No data available
	LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - male and female - > 2.000 mg/kg (2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol)
	(OECD Test Guideline 402)
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	LD50, Rat, male, >4 800 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.
Skin corrosion/irritation	: May cause mild skin irritation
Ingredient	Remarks
Dimethylsiloxy silsesquioxane Silicon dioxide	No data available
	No data available
Diethylamine	Skin - Rabbit Result: Courses severe huma. (OECD Test Cuideline 404)
	Result: Causes severe burns. (OECD Test Guideline 404) Remarks: (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, Annex VI)
2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol	Brief contact may cause severe skin irritation with pain and local redness.



Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Prolonged contact may cause severe skin burns. Symptoms may include pain, severe local redness, swelling, and tissue damage. Not classified as corrosive to the skin according to EC guidelines. Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	: May cause serious eye irritation.
Ingredient	Remarks
Dimethylsiloxy silsesquioxane Silicon dioxide	No data available No data available
Diethylamine	Eyes - Rabbit
2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol	Result: Causes burns 7 Days (Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.5) May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur. Essentially nonirritating to eyes.
Skin sensitization	: Not classified based on available information.
Respiratory sensitization	: Not classified based on available information.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified based on available information.
Carcinogenicity Ingredient	: Not classified based on available information. Remarks
Dimethylsiloxy silsesquioxane	No data available
Silicon dioxide	No data available
Diethylamine	Species: Rat
	Exposure time: 104 weeks
	Application Route: Inhalation Result: negative
2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol	No relevant data found
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Results from a 2 year repeated vapour inhalation exposure study to rats of octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) indicate effects (benign uterine adenomas) in the uterus of female animals. This finding occurred at the highest exposure dose (700 ppm) only. Studies to date have not demonstrated if these effects occur through pathways that are relevant to humans. Repeated exposure in rats to D4 resulted in protoporphyrin accumulation in the liver. Without knowledge of the specific mechanism leading to the protoporphyrin accumulation the relevance of this finding to humans is unknown.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Ingredient	Remarks
Dimethylsiloxy silsesquioxane Silicon dioxide	No data available No data available
Diethylamine	No data available
2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals. In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with fertility.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Repeated dose toxicity Aspiration hazard Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms	<ul> <li>Not classified based on available data.</li> </ul>
Further Information	: None



SECTION 12: Ecological information         12.1. Toxicity         Dimethylsiloxy silsesquioxane: No data available         Silicon dioxide: No data available         Diethylamine: Toxicity to fish         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates         Toxicity to algae         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)         Toxicity to fish         LC50 - Drseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae): 54 mg/l Exposure time: 72 the NOEC - Daphnia magna (water flea): 4.2 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d         2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol: Toxicity to fish         Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species). May increase pH of aquatic systems to > pH 10 which may be toxic to aquatic organism LC50 - Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish): 190 mg/l	n
Dimethylsiloxy silsesquioxane:         No data available         Silicon dioxide:         No data available         Diethylamine:         Toxicity to fish         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)         MOEC - Daphnia magna (water flea): 4.2 mg/l         Exposure time: 21 d         VOEC - Daphnia magna (water flea): 4.2 mg/l         Exposure time: 21 d         Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL5 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).         May increase pH of aquatic systems to > pH 10 which may be toxic to aquatic organism	ייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי
Silicon dioxide: No data available         Diethylamine: Toxicity to fish       LC50 - Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka): 27 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates       EC50 - Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea): 4.6 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h         Toxicity to algae       EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae): 54 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)       NOEC - Daphnia magna (water flea): 4.2 mg/l         Z-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol:       Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL5 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species). May increase pH of aquatic systems to > pH 10 which may be toxic to aquatic organism	٦
No data available         Diethylamine:         Toxicity to fish       LC50 - Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka): 27 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates       EC50 - Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea): 4.6 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h         Toxicity to algae       EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae): 54 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)       NOEC - Daphnia magna (water flea): 4.2 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d         2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol:       Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL5 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species). May increase pH of aquatic systems to > pH 10 which may be toxic to aquatic organism	1
Diethylamine:         Toxicity to fish         LC50 - Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka): 27 mg/l         Exposure time: 96 h         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic         invertebrates         Toxicity to algae         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic         invertebrates         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic         invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)         VOEC - Daphnia magna (water flea): 4.2 mg/l         Exposure time: 21 d         VAMINO-2-methyl-1-propanol:         Toxicity to fish         Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL5 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).         May increase pH of aquatic systems to > pH 10 which may be toxic to aquatic organism	٦
Toxicity to fish       LC50 - Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka): 27 mg/l         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates       Exposure time: 96 h         Toxicity to algae       Exposure time: 48 h         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates       Exposure time: 48 h         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)       EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae): 54 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h         NOEC - Daphnia magna (water flea): 4.2 mg/l       Exposure time: 21 d         2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol:       Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL5 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).         May increase pH of aquatic systems to > pH 10 which may be toxic to aquatic organism       Noich may be toxic to aquatic organism	٦
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates       Exposure time: 96 h         Toxicity to algae       Ec50 - Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea): 4.6 mg/l         Toxicity to algae       Ec50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae): 54 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)       EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae): 54 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h         NOEC - Daphnia magna (water flea): 4.2 mg/l       Exposure time: 21 d         Z-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol:       Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL5 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).         May increase pH of aquatic systems to > pH 10 which may be toxic to aquatic organism	1
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates       EC50 - Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea): 4.6 mg/l         Toxicity to algae       Exposure time: 48 h         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)       EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae): 54 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h         NOEC - Daphnia magna (water flea): 4.2 mg/l       Exposure time: 21 d         2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol:       Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL5 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).         May increase pH of aquatic systems to > pH 10 which may be toxic to aquatic organism	n
invertebrates       Exposure time: 48 h         Toxicity to algae       Exposure time: 48 h         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)       Exposure time: 21 d         2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol:       Toxicity to fish         Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL5 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).         May increase pH of aquatic systems to > pH 10 which may be toxic to aquatic organism	n
Toxicity to algae       EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae): 54 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h NOEC - Daphnia magna (water flea): 4.2 mg/l         Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)       EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae): 54 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h NOEC - Daphnia magna (water flea): 4.2 mg/l         2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol:       Toxicity to fish         Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL5 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).         May increase pH of aquatic systems to > pH 10 which may be toxic to aquatic organism	h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)       NOEC - Daphnia magna (water flea): 4.2 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d         2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol:       Toxicity to fish         Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL5 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).         May increase pH of aquatic systems to > pH 10 which may be toxic to aquatic organisms	
2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol:         Toxicity to fish         Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL5)         greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).         May increase pH of aquatic systems to > pH 10 which may be toxic to aquatic organisms	
Toxicity to fish       Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL5 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).         May increase pH of aquatic systems to > pH 10 which may be toxic to aquatic organisms.	
Toxicity to fish       Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL5 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).         May increase pH of aquatic systems to > pH 10 which may be toxic to aquatic organisms.	
May increase pH of aquatic systems to > pH 10 which may be toxic to aquatic orga	50/EL50
	niama
Exposure time: 96 h	
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea): 193 mg/l	
invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h	
Toxicity to algae EC50 - Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae): 402 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h	
Toxicity to bacteria EC50 (activated sludge): 342.9 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h	
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:	
Toxicity to fish The estimated maximum aqueous concentration of Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (	D4) from
migration to water from the product as supplied is below the D4 established no-effe	
threshold (< 0.0079 mg/L) for aquatic organisms.	
LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout): 0.022 mg/l	
Exposure time: 96 h Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea): 0.015 mg/l	
invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h	
Toxicity to algae EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae): 0.022 mg/l Exposure time: 7	72 h
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) NOEC - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout): 0.0044 mg/l Exposure time: 93 d	
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic NOEC - Daphnia magna (water flea): 0.0079 mg/l	
invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) Exposure time: 21 d	

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

# Dimethylsiloxy silsesquioxane:

No data available

#### Silicon dioxide:

The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances

Biodegradability	aerobic - Exposure time 28 d Result: 68 - 70 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301C)	
Theoretical oxygen demand	3.620 mg/g Remarks: (IUCLID)	
2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol:		
Biodegradability	aerobic - Exposure time 28 d Result: 89.3 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301F)	



Biodegradability

# PerformaSil® 100 Silicone Water-Based Elastomer(SWBE) Safety Data Sheet

aerobic - Exposure time 29 d Result: 3.7 % - Not readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 310)

No data available	
Silicon dioxide:	
No data available	
Diethylamine: Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water (Log	0.58
Pow)	0.50
2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol:	
Bioaccumulation Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water (log	Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). -0.63 OECD Test Guideline 107 or Equivalent
Pow) Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	< 1 Fish
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane: Bioaccumulation	Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow between 5 and 7).
	Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) – 0.160 µg/l
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water (log Pow)	6.49
Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	12.400 (US-EPA)
Dimethylsiloxy silsesquioxane No data available	
No data available Silicon dioxide:	
No data available	
No data available Silicon dioxide: No data available Diethylamine:	
No data available Silicon dioxide: No data available Diethylamine: No data available 2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol:	
No data available Silicon dioxide: No data available Diethylamine: No data available 2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol: Partition coefficient (Koc):	18 Estimated.
No data available Silicon dioxide: No data available Diethylamine: No data available 2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol:	18 Estimated. 16596 OECD Test Guideline 106
No data available Silicon dioxide: No data available Diethylamine: No data available 2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol: Partition coefficient (Koc): Dctamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:	
No data available Silicon dioxide: No data available Diethylamine: No data available 2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol: Partition coefficient (Koc): Dctamethylcyclotetrasiloxane: Partition coefficient (Koc): 2.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessi	16596 OECD Test Guideline 106
No data available Silicon dioxide: No data available Diethylamine: No data available 2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol: Partition coefficient (Koc): Dctamethylcyclotetrasiloxane: Partition coefficient (Koc):	16596 OECD Test Guideline 106
No data available Silicon dioxide: No data available Diethylamine: No data available 2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol: Partition coefficient (Koc): Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane: Partition coefficient (Koc): 2.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessing Dimethylsiloxy silsesquioxane: No data available Silicon dioxide:	16596 OECD Test Guideline 106
No data available Silicon dioxide: No data available Diethylamine: No data available 2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol: Partition coefficient (Koc): Doctamethylcyclotetrasiloxane: Partition coefficient (Koc): 2.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessing Dimethylsiloxy silsesquioxane: No data available	16596 OECD Test Guideline 106

## 2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol:

This substance is readily biodegradable and thus is not considered persistent or very persistent (P or vP). This substance has a low potential to bioaccumulate due to low affinity for octanol and high water solubility so is not considered bioaccumulative or very



bioaccumulative (B or vB). This substance is not classified as mutagenic, carcinogenic or reproductive toxicant to mammalian species, and the values are much higher than the threshold for toxicity to aquatic species; thus is not considered toxic (T).

### Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) meets the current criteria for PBT and vPvB under REACh Annex XIII or other regionally specific criteria. However, D4 does not behave similarly to known PBT/vPvB substances. The weight of scientific evidence from field studies shows that D4 is not biomagnifying in aquatic and terrestrial food webs. D4 in air will degrade by reaction with naturally occurring hydroxyl radicals in the atmosphere. Any D4 in air that does not degrade by reaction with hydroxyl radicals is not expected to deposit from the air to water, to land, or to living organisms.

This substance is considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations			
13.1. Waste treatment methods			
Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)	: This product has been evaluated for RCRA characteristics and does not meet the criteria of hazardous waste if discarded in its purchased form.		
Waste from residues	: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.		
Contaminated packaging	: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.		
	If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.		

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

## 14.1. UN number

Not dangerous goods in terms of transport regulations

14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper Shipping Name (ADR)	: Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name (ADN)	: Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name (RID)	: Not applicable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
ADR	
Transport hazard class(es) (ADR)	: Not applicable
IMDG	
Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG)	: Not applicable
ΙΑΤΑ	
Transport hazard class(es) (IATA)	: Not applicable
ADN	
Transport hazard class(es) (ADN)	: Not applicable
RID	
Transport hazard class(es) (RID)	: Not applicable
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group (ADR)	: Not applicable
Packing group (IMDG)	: Not applicable
Packing group (IATA)	: Not applicable



Packing group (ADN)		: Not applicable
Packir	ng group (RID)	: Not applicable
14.5.	Domestic regulation	

#### 49 CFR

Not dangerous according to transport regulations

14.6.	Special precautions for us	er
14.6.1.	Overland transport	
14.6.2.	Transport by sea	
14.6.3.	Air transport	
14.6.4.	Inland waterway transport	
Carriag	ge prohibited (ADN)	: No
Not sub	bject to ADN	: No
14.6.5.	Rail transport	
Carriag	ge prohibited (RID)	: No

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### Not applicable

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture 15.1.

## EPCRA – Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know

## **CERCLA Reportable Quantity**

Ingredients	CAS-No	Component RQ (Ibs)	Calculated product RQ (lbs)
Diethylamine	109-89-7	100	27777
SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity			

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ

SARA 311/312 Hazards	: Chronic Health Hazard
SARA 302	: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.
SARA 313	<ul> <li>This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.</li> </ul>

### 15.1.2. National regulations

#### **US State Right To Know Regulations**

Ingredient	CAS No.
Water	7732-18-5
Dimethylsiloxy silsesquioxane	Trade secret
Silicon dioxide	7631-86-9
Diethylamine	109-89-7
2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol	124-68-5
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2

## California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories: REACH

: All ingredients (pre)registered or exempt.



	+ CHEMISTRIES 08	
TSCA		: All chemical substances in this material are included on or exempted fro listing on the TSCA Inventory of Chemical Substances.
DSL		: All chemical substances in this product comply with the CEPA 1999 and NSNR and are on or are exempt from listing on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL).
15.2.	Chemical safety assessment	
No cher	nical safety assessment has been carrie	ed out
SECTION 16: Other information		

Data sources	REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. Internal technical data, data from raw material SDS's, and OECD eChem Portal search results.
Other information	: None.
Full text of H- phrases:	
H316	Causes mild skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

SDS US

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.